

CHINA



MAIL.

Established February, 1845.

With which is incorporated The "Hongkong Evening Mail and Shipping List." Published every Evening.

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號十月七年九十七百八千一英

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, JULY 10, 1879.

日一廿月五年卯己

PRICE, \$24 PER ANNUM.

AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL.

LONDON:—F. ALGAR, 8, Clement's Lane, Lombard Street. GEORGE STREET & Co., 30, Cornhill. GORDON & GOTH, Ludgate Circus. E. C. BATES, HENDY & Co., 4, Old Jewry. E. C. SAMUEL, Dragon & Co., 150 & 154, Leadenhall Street.

PARIS AND EUROPE:—LEON DE ROSNY, 19, Rue Monsieur, Paris.

NEW YORK:—ANDREW WIND, 133, Nassau Street.

AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZEALAND:—GORDON & GOTH, Melbourne and Sydney.

SAN FRANCISCO and American Ports generally:—BRAN & BLACK, San Francisco.

SINGAPORE AND STRAITS:—SAYLE & Co., Singapore. C. HEINZKE & Co., Manila.

CHINA:—MACAO, MESSRS A. A. DE MELLO & Co., Suvaia, CAMERON & Co., Amoy, WILSON, NICHOLLS & Co., Foochow, HEDGES & Co., Shanghai, LANE, CRAWFORD & Co., and KELLER & WASSER, Yokohama, LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

Banks.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid-up Capital, 5,000,000 Dollars.
Reserve Fund, 1,800,000 Dollars.

COURT OF DIRECTORS.

Chairman—W. H. FORBES, Esq.
Deputy Chairman—HON. W. KERRICK, Esq.
E. E. BELLIOS, Esq. WILHELM REINER, Esq.
H. L. DALEY, Esq. E. D. SASSON, Esq.
H. HOFFER, Esq. W. S. YOUNG, Esq.
A. MOLVER, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER.

Hongkong, THOMAS JACKSON, Esq.
Shanghai, EWEN CAMERON, Esq.
London BANKERS—London and County Bank.

HONGKONG.

INTEREST ALLOWED.
ON Current Deposit Account at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

For Fixed Deposits:—
For 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum.
" 6 " 4 per cent. " "
" 12 " 5 per cent. " "

LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Drafts, granted on London, and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

T. JACKSON,
Chief Manager.

Offices of the Corporation,
No. 1, Queen's Road East.
Hongkong, February 15, 1879.

NOTICE.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.

THE AGENCY of this BANK at Foochow will be CLOSED and WITHDRAWN from 1st July next.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS and FIXED DEPOSIT RECEIPTS will be PAID there AT ONCE with INTEREST to Date, or transferred to this Branch at the Exchange of the Day at the option of Constituents.

GEO. O. SCOTT,
p. Manager.

Oriental Bank Corporation,
Hongkong, May 28, 1879.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

(Incorporated 7th & 18th March, 1848.)
RECOGNIZED by the INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION OF 30th APRIL, 1862.

CAPITAL FULLY PAID-UP, £3,200,000.
RESERVE FUND, £800,000.

HEAD OFFICE—14, Rue Bergère, PARIS.

AGENCIES and BRANCHES at:
LONDON, HAMBURG, SAN FRANCISCO, MARSEILLES, BOMBAY, HONGKONG, LYONS, CALCUTTA, BANGKOK, SHANGHAI, PEKING.

LONDON BANKERS:
THE BANK OF ENGLAND.
THE UNION BANK OF LONDON.

The Hongkong Agency receives Fixed Deposits on Terms to be ascertained on application, grants Drafts and Credits on all parts of the World, and transacts every description of Banking and Exchange business.

E. G. VOULLEMONT,
Manager, Shanghai.
Hongkong, May 29, 1879.

Banks.

CHARTERED MERCHANT BANK OF INDIA, LONDON & CHINA.

(Incorporated by Royal Charter.)

THE following Rates of Interest are allowed on Fixed Deposits:—

For 12 months, 5 per cent. per annum.
" 6 " 4 per cent. " "
" 3 " 2 per cent. " "

H. H. NELSON,
Manager.

Hongkong, May 31, 1879.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

CAPITAL, £300,000.
RESERVE FUND, £150,000.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND.
THE CITY BANK.
THE NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND.

THE BANK'S BRANCH in Hongkong grants Drafts on London and the Chief Commercial places in Europe and the East; buys and receives for collection Bills of Exchange, and conducts all kinds of Banking and Exchange Business.

RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS:
ON CURRENT ACCOUNTS, 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.
ON FIXED DEPOSITS:
For 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum.
" 12 " 5 per cent. " "

Entertainment.

GARRISON THEATRE.

BY Kind Permission of His EXCELLENCY the MAJOR GENERAL, COMMANDING, and under Patronage of LIEUT. COL. GEDDES and OFFICERS 27th INFANTRY, the INNSKILLING CHRISTY MINSTRELS, beg to announce to the Garrison and the Public their intention of giving two PERFORMANCES

IN THE ABOVE THEATRE, ON
MONDAY
—AND—
TUESDAY,
the 14th and 15th JULY, 1879.

For the benefit of the Widows and Orphans
CAUSED BY THE CAFE WAR.

Programme.

SONGS.
COMIC SONGS.
CLOG DANCE.
CORNET SOLO.
COMIC DUET.
"THE ZULU WARRIORS."
NEGRO FARCE.
"OLD HUNKS."

To conclude each Evening with the PLANTATION WALK ROUND
"WHOSE DAT FOOT A BURNING."

By kind permission of Lieut. Colonel GEDDES and OFFICERS, a portion of the Band of 27th Infantry will attend.

Prices of Admission:
Front Seats, One Dollar.
Second do., 50 Cents.
Third do., 25 " "

Tickets can be obtained at the OFFICERS' MESS, SERGEANTS' MESS, CANTRENS, R.A., and 27th INFANTRY, and at the DOOR on the Night of Performance.

Doors Open at 8.30 p.m.
To Commence at 9.00 " "

PUNTERS will be kept in motion during the Performance.

"GOD SAVE THE QUEEN."
Hongkong, July 8, 1879.

Intimations.

NOTICE.

VICTORIA DISPENSARY.

THE Undersigned begs to inform his Friends and the Public generally, that he has engaged the Services of a THOROUGHLY QUALIFIED EUROPEAN ASSISTANT, who will attend solely to the DISPENSING DEPARTMENT, hoping thereby to merit in a greater degree their Confidence and Patronage.

WM. CRUCKSHANK.
Hongkong, June 28, 1879.

NOTICE.
OUR OFFICE has TO-DAY been REMOVED to 8, Praya Central.

REISS & Co.
Hongkong, July 1, 1879.

Intimations.

EX LATE ARRIVALS.

CHILDREN'S BOOKS, Latest Editions.
CAVENDISH ON WHIST.
POLE'S THEORY OF WHIST.
WALKER'S CORRECT CARD.
BALBRIGGAN UNDERSHIRTS (A Novelty).
WIRE RAT TRAPS.
BULL'S EYE LANTERNS.
BATH SPONGES.
WHITE BRO'S PORTLAND CEMENT.

LAWN TENNIS BATS, BALLS and NETS.
LAWN BOWLS, QUOITS and OTHER GAMES.
Scotch Home-made JAMS and JELLIES.
PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.
ICE PITCHERS and PAILS.
AUTOMATON UMBRELLAS.
FRENCH BOOTS and SHOES.
English BOOTS and SHOES.

CHRISTY'S BLACK and DRAB HATS.
"YOU DIRTY BOY."
CORE'S GOLDEN CLOUD TOBACCO.
AMERICAN GOLDEN LEAF TOBACCO.
Well-Seasoned CIGARS.
MEERSCHAUM PIPES and CIGAR TUBES.
POCKET-KNIVES.
QUININE.
CONSTABULARY REVOLVERS.
SPIRIT LEVELS.
New Style CHIT BOOKS.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

Hongkong, June 19, 1879.

THE HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE Ordinary Half-yearly MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the HONGKONG HOTEL, on FRIDAY, the 25th Instant, at 3.30 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of receiving a Report of the Directors, together with a Statement of Accounts, declaring a Dividend, and electing Directors and Auditors.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
LOUIS HAUSCHILD,
Secretary.

Hongkong, July 4, 1879.

THE HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE Transfer BOOKS of this Company will be CLOSED from the 11th to the 25th Instant.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
LOUIS HAUSCHILD,
Secretary.

Hongkong, July 4, 1879.

NOTICE.

SUN SHING has REMOVED to No. 62, QUEEN'S ROAD, Opposite the CHARTERED BANK.

Hongkong, June 24, 1879.

NOTICE.

HONGKONG COMMERCIAL EXCHANGE.

THE EXCHANGE ROOMS in MARINE HOUSE, Queen's Road Central, are Open Daily for the use of MEMBERS from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.
Special Days—TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, from 12 to 12.30 and 4 to 4.30 p.m.
Applications for admission as Members to be addressed to
E. GEORGE,
Secretary.

Hongkong, June 18, 1879.

CHINA TRADERS' INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE Thirteenth Ordinary MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS in the above Company will be held at the HEAD OFFICE, Victoria, Hongkong, on THURSDAY, the 5th Instant, at 2.30 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of presenting the Report of the Directors and Statement of Accounts to 30th April last, and of declaring dividends. The Transfer BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 17th to the 31st Instant, both days inclusive.

By Order,
W. H. RAY,
Secretary.

Hongkong, July 8, 1879.

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!

S. W. STANLEY, who is now in Hongkong, where he will remain about two weeks, will give Lessons in Billiards, and is open to give Private Entertainments. For Terms, apply at the HONGKONG HOTEL.

Hongkong, July 8, 1879.

THE Undersigned have been appointed SOLID AGENTS for Hongkong and China for the Sale of their LEAD by the MACKENZIE MINING SOCIETY.

MEYER & Co.
Hongkong, June 27, 1879.

Intimations.

WANTED for the SAVERS' HOME, A STEWARD. Apply to the Undersigned.

H. G. THOMSETT,
Hon. Secretary.
Hongkong, July 4, 1879.

WANTED, by a Young Portuguese, who has some knowledge of Book-keeping, a SITUATION in a Mercantile Office. Only moderate Salary required. Address "A. C." care of Office of this Paper.

Hongkong, July 8, 1879.

Notices of Firms.

NOTICE.

FROM the 1st JULY, 1879, our Business in Hongkong will be CONDUCTED under the Firm or Style of NORONHA & Co., and at Shanghai under that of NORONHA & SONS.
M. A. J. NORONHA is authorised to Sign our Firm in Hongkong per Procuration.

NORONHA & SONS.
Hongkong, July 4, 1879.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned has established himself at the Premises formerly occupied by LAMBERT, ATRINSON & Co., Peddar's Wharf, as
AUCTIONEER, APPRAISER
AND
COMMISSION AGENT.
All GOODS entrusted for SALE will be fully covered by FIRE INSURANCE.

G. R. LAMBERT.
Hongkong, July 1, 1879.

Shipping.

Steamers.

FOR SINGAPORE, BRISBANE, SYDNEY AND MELBOURNE.
(Calling off the usual Coast Ports, and taking through Cargo and Passengers for New Zealand.)

The Eastern and Australian Mail Steam Co's Steamer "SOMERSET," will be despatched as above on SATURDAY, the 12th Inst., at 5 p.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,
Agents.

Hongkong, July 5, 1879.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY & FOOCHOW.

The Steamship "KWANGTUNG,"

Capt. S. ASHTON, will be despatched for the above Ports on SUNDAY, the 13th Inst., at 10 a.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
DOUGLAS LAFRAIK & Co.
Hongkong, July 9, 1879.

FOR HOIHOW AND HAIPHONG.

The Steamship "ATALANTA,"

Capt. G. PETERSEN, will be despatched as above on MONDAY, the 14th Instant, at 6 a.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
MEYER & Co.
Hongkong, July 7, 1879.

AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

FOR PORT DARWIN, COOKTOWN, SYDNEY & MELBOURNE.

Taking Cargo and Passengers for all Australasian and New Zealand Ports, TASMANIA, NEW CALEDONIA & FIJI.

The Company's Steamship "OCEAN,"

Captain WEBBER, will be despatched as above on THURSDAY, the 17th Instant, at 8 p.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
GEO. R. STEVENS & Co.
Hongkong, July 8, 1879.

Sailing Vessels.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

The A 1 British Bark "COLWYN,"

BULMAN, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will be despatched on the 15th July.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
ROSSL & Co.
Hongkong, June 21, 1879.

FOR NEW YORK.

The A 1 American Bark "CHASCA,"

Captain WASHBURN, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch for the above Port.

For Freight, apply to
RUSSELL & Co.
Hongkong, July 4, 1879.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

The A 1 American Ship "SOUTH AMERICAN,"

Captain KNOWLES, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to
RUSSELL & Co.
Hongkong, June 13, 1879.

Shipping.

Sailing Vessels.

FOR NEW YORK.

The A 1 American Schooner "IRENE,"
Captain YATES, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to
RUSSELL & Co.
Hongkong, May 21, 1879.

FOR NEW YORK.

The S 3 L.I.I. American Ship "MONTROSE,"
C. O. CARTER, Master.
For Freight, apply to
VOGEL & Co.
Hongkong, July 3, 1879.

FOR HAMBURG.

The S 3 L.I.I. German Bark "HELENE,"
VOLGARDSEN, Master.
For Freight, apply to
VOGEL & Co.
Hongkong, June 25, 1879.

FOR LONDON.

The A 1 British Bark "GAUNTLET,"
LUCAS, Master.
For Freight, apply to
VOGEL & Co.
Hongkong, June 6, 1879.

For Sale.

KELLY & WALSH.

QUEEN'S ROAD,
(Next door to the Exchange),
ARE now showing a LARGE VARIETY of
New LADIES' NOTE PAPERS & ENVELOPES.
New SHEET MUSIC.
BOOSEY'S CABINETS.
MASON & HAMLEN'S ORGANS.
PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.
SCRAP BOOKS.
INSTANDS.
LEATHER BLOTTING BOOKS.
NEW STOVE ORNAMENTS.
MENU CARDS.
PLAYING CARDS. BEZIQUE.
LETTER CASES. CARD CASES.
PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES.
POCKET SLATES.
WINNOR & NEWTON'S DRAWING MATERIALS.
NEW CHILDREN'S TOY BOOKS.
Their Celebrated TOBACCOS, CIGARS and CIGARETTES.

Hongkong, July 7, 1879.

FOR SALE.

JULES MUMM & Co.'s CHAMPAGNE, in Quarts and Pints.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.
Hongkong, May 26, 1879.

FOR SALE.

(To close a Consignment.)
A Few Cases RUINART'S well-known CHAMPAGNE, at
\$10 per Case of 1 dozen Quarts.
\$11 per Case of 2 " Pints.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.
Hongkong, June 17, 1879.

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions from J. G. SMITH, Esq., to sell by Public Auction, on
FRIDAY,
the 11th July, 1879, at 2 p.m., at his Residence, No. 3, Blue Building, Praya East,—
The whole of the
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c.,
(Mostly English-made),
Comprising—English-made Walnut Drawing-room Suite covered in Crimson Damask.
English-made Walnut Centre Table and Canterbury.
Crimson Velvet covered Ottoman.
Teak Card Tables and Side Tables.
Oleographs, Ormolu Drawing-room Clock, Chimney Glasses, and Ornaments.
English-made Mahogany Telescope, Dining-table and Sideboard.
English-made Mahogany Dining-room Suite covered in Maroon Morocco.
Dinner, Dessert and Breakfast Sets, Glass and Plated Ware.
Double Brass Bedstead and Iron Bedsteads.
English-made Polished Ash Bed-room Furniture, Mahogany Cheval Glass, Child's Brass Cot and Swinging Cot.
One Cottage Piano by Lunan, Lubbock.
A Cooking Range.
&c., &c., &c.
Catalogues will be issued, and the whole to be on view on and after Thursday, the 10th Instant.

TERMS OF SALE.—As customary.

J. M. ARMSTRONG,
Auctioneer.
Hongkong, July 2, 1879.

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION, shortly, on a day to be hereafter named, unless previously disposed of by private contract.

THE HONGKONG DISTILLERY, Situate at East Point, Hongkong, now in Complete Working Order, and Capable of Distilling upwards of 2,000 Gallons daily. The Property is of a most valuable nature, comprising THREE PIECES OF GROUND close to the water, viz.:—Inland Lots Nos. 749, 781 and 782, with the Substantially Built DWELLING HOUSE and BUSINESS PREMISES, erected specially for the purpose only a few years since, together with the MACHINERY, ENGINES, STILL, VATS, STOCK, and TRADE FURNITURE and FITTINGS.

For further Particulars, apply to Messrs SHARP, TOLLER, and JOHNSON, Solicitors, Supreme Court House, Hongkong, March 5, 1879.

Intimations

NOTIFICATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Section, about 64 miles, of the Company's GUTZLAF NAGARAKI CABLE has been RE-LAID from the South to the North of the PAKKER, SADDLES and BARREN ISLANDS in a curve from GUTZLAF to the NORTH SADDLE, running along ELLIOT, CHESNEY and SIDE SADDLE, about 2 miles distant, and from the NORTH SADDLES LIGHT, bearing South, 1 mile distant, in an E. by S. direction about 31 miles, passing the BARREN ISLANDS until these bear W. 3 N. distance 6 miles, when the Cable is again spliced into the old Line running in a straight line about E. N. E. till midway between PALLAS ROCK and MEASOMA (Asees Ears) on the coast of Japan.

GEORGE J. HELLAND, General Agent.

GREAT NORTHERN TELEGRAPH COMPANY, HEAD OFFICE, Shanghai, June 20, 1879. j330

NOTICE.

FROM THE 1ST OF OCTOBER, DR. EASTLAKE will receive his PATIENTS at his new DENTAL ROOMS, No. 50, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, OVER the MEDICAL HALL.

Hongkong, September 23, 1878.

DENTAL NOTICE.

DR. ROGERS will visit SHANGHAI during the Summer Months, leaving Hongkong on the 1st of April next, and returning about 1st November.

Hongkong, February 10, 1879.

Not Responsible for Debts.

Neither the Captain, the Agents, nor Owners will be Responsible for any Debt contracted by the Officers or Crew of the following Vessels, during their stay in Hongkong Harbour:—

G. O. TRUMP, British ship, Captain G. Thomas.—Messageries Maritimes.

CELIA, British 3-m. schooner, Captain Drew.—Douglas, Laprak & Co.

MONTARA, German schooner, Captain Schmeders.—Stemmen & Co.

CANDACE, British 3-m. schooner, Capt. Candler.—Chiesse.

SCOTLAND, British steamer, Capt. Wm. Atkinson.—Russell & Co.

Notices to Consignees.

FROM CALCUTTA, PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

THE S. S. Venice having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading to the Undersigned for countersignature, and to take immediate delivery of their Goods.

Cargo impeding her discharge will be at once landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co. Hongkong, July 4, 1879. j311

FROM CALCUTTA, PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

THE Steamship Japan, T. S. GARDNER, Commander, having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading to the Undersigned for countersignature, and to take immediate delivery of their Goods.

Cargo impeding her discharge will be at once landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

D. SASSOON, SONS & Co. Agents. Hongkong, July 7, 1879. j314

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES of the following Cargo are requested to send in their Bills of Lading to the Undersigned for countersignature, and take immediate delivery. This Cargo has been landed and stored at their risk and expense.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Ex Yangtze.

AME (in diamonds) Nos. 10/17, Or, 20/22, T J. Flannel, from London.

Ex Dj. mao.

T & L 37 pags. Nuts, from Singapore.

G. DE CHAMPEAUX, Agent. Hongkong, July 8, 1879.

Notices to Consignees.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

S. S. AMAZON.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo per S. S. Indus, from London, in connection with the above Steamer, are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and stored at their risk at the Company's Godowns, whence delivery may be obtained immediately after landing.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded on, unless intimation is received from the Consignees, before WEDNESDAY, the 9th Inst., at 9 a.m., requesting it to be landed here. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the Undersigned.

Goods remaining unclaimed after TUESDAY, the 15th Instant, at Noon, will be subject to rent and landing charges.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

G. DE CHAMPEAUX, Agent. Hongkong, July 8, 1879. j315

To-day's Advertisements.

FOR MANILA.

The Steamship "EMERALDA"

Captain CULLEN, will be despatched for the above Port, at 4 p.m. TO-MORROW, the 11th Inst.

For Freight or Passage, apply to RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, July 10, 1879. j311

FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG AND CALOUTTA.

The Steamship "VENICE"

P. RHOZE, Commander, will be despatched for the above Ports on THURSDAY, the 17th Inst., at 3 o'clock p.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co. Hongkong, July 10, 1879. j317

FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG AND CALOUTTA.

The Steamship "JAPAN"

Capt. GARDNER, will be despatched for the above Ports on THURSDAY, the 17th Inst., at 3 p.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co. Agents. Hongkong, July 10, 1879. j317

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

S. S. KAISAR-I-HIND.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo by the above-named Vessel from London, Bombay and intermediate Ports, in connection with the Nepal from London, are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and stored at their risk in the Company's Godowns at West Point, whence delivery may be obtained from this date.

Goods not delivered by the 16th Instant will be subject to rent.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded on, unless intimation to the contrary be received before 4 p.m. TO-DAY.

A. McIVER, Superintendent. Hongkong, July 10, 1879. j316

FROM SAN FRANCISCO AND YOKOHAMA.

THE Steamship China, Captain LACHLAN, having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading to the Undersigned for countersignature, and to take immediate delivery of their Goods.

Cargo impeding her discharge will be at once landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

RUSSELL & Co. Agents. Hongkong, July 10, 1879.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on

TUESDAY, the 15th July, at 2 p.m., at the Residence of G. R. LAMBERT, Esq., Carlton Terrace, Spring Gardens,—

The whole of the

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c.

(Mostly English make), comprising: English-made Crimson Rep-covered Drawing-room Suite, in Walnut Wood.

English-made Walnut Inlaid Centre Table and Card Tables, Canterbury, Canton Blackwood Tables.

Chimney Glasses, Chromes, Pictures, Crystal Gasaliers, Carpets, Rugs, French Clock, and Ornaments.

English-made Mahogany Bookcase and Books.

Teakwood Extension Dining Table, Sideboard, and Whatnots; Dinner, Dessert, and Breakfast Sets, Glassware and Plated Ware.

English-made Mahogany Dining room Chairs.

Green Rep-covered Bedroom Suite, Iron Bedsteads; English-made Mahogany Wardrobe, with Plate Glass Door; Mahogany Bureau, Marble-top Washstand and Toilet Table.

A Cottage Piano, by Bechstein, Berlin, &c., &c.

Catalogues will be issued, and the whole to be on view on and after Monday, the 14th Instant.

TERMS OF SALE.—As customary.

J. M. ARMSTRONG, Auctioneer. Hongkong, July 10, 1879. j318

To-day's Advertisements.

NOTICE.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP Co.

THE Authority to Sign Bills of Lading by this COMPANY'S STEAMERS, granted to Mr. J. J. HOWARD, is hereby revoked, and Mr. O. L. GORHAM is authorized to Sign until further notice.

RUSSELL & Co., Agents. Hongkong, July 10, 1879.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

July 9, Yotung, British steamer, 286, D. McDougall, Swatow July 8, General.—KWOK ACHONG.

July 9, Ranger, U. S. gunboat, R. Boyd, Amoy July 7.

July 10, Pegasus, H. M. sloop, 1124, H. N. S. Hood, Singapore June 28.

July 10, Hopewell, British barque, 578, Langlois, Nagasaki June 14, Coal.—MASTER.

July 10, Menelaus, British steamer, 1559, Billing, Liverpool May 20, via ports of call, and Singapore July 3, General.—BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

DEPARTURES.

July 10, Amazons, for Shanghai.

10, Pallas, for Biogo.

CLEARED.

Tartar, for Tientsin.

Clara, for Guam.

Ningpo, for Shanghai.

Euyew, for Shanghai.

Staut, for Nagasaki.

Wacht, for Tournon.

PASSENGERS.

ARRIVED.

Per Menelaus, from Liverpool, &c., Mr. Rose Shakespere, and 298 Chinese.

DEPARTED.

Per Amazons, for Shanghai: from Hongkong, Don Juan Margal, Prince de Lisle-Montreal, Duke de Blassac, Baron Mochin, Mr. Oka, 3 Europeans, and 2 Chinese; from Naples, Mr. Marmont; from Singapore, 1 Chinese.

Per Euyew, for Shanghai, 60 Chinese.

SHIPPING REPORTS.

The British barque Hopewell reports: Light variable winds on passage from S.E. to S.S.W. and fine weather generally. From Lamook Islands calm and light air from S.E. July 9th, wind S.E. moderate and fine, afternoon wind S.E. to North fresh and squally with rain. Arrived in port at 6.30 a.m. on the 10th. July 3rd, spoke German barque (Signal) L. K. N. I. from Newchwang to Hongkong, 23 days out, off Ocksen Islands.

POST OFFICE NOTICES.

MAILS will close:—

For MACAO AND SHANGHAI.—Per Ningpo, at 10.30 a.m. To-morrow, the 11th Inst., instead of as previously notified.

For MANILA.—Per Emerald, at 3.30 p.m. To-morrow, the 11th Inst.

For YOKOHAMA.—Per S. S. China, on Saturday, the 12th Inst. Registry closes at 11.15 a.m. Mail closes at 11.30 a.m. Paid Correspondence may then be posted in the moveable box on board the Packet.

For SHANGHAI.—Per S. S. Kaiser-i-Hind, on Saturday, the 12th Inst. Registry closes at 10.45 a.m. Mail closes at 11 a.m. Late Letters received from 11.10 to 11.30 with 18 cents Late Fee. Paid Correspondence may then be posted in the moveable box on board the Packet.

For SAIGON.—Per Penedo, at 3.30 p.m., on Saturday, the 12th Inst.

For AMOY AND SHANGHAI.—Per Menelaus, at 5 p.m., on Saturday, the 12th Inst.

For STRAITS SETTLEMENTS, SUEZ, AND LONDON.—Per Antenor, at 5 p.m., on Saturday, the 12th Inst.

For SWATOW, AMOY, & FOOCHOW.—Per Kwangtung, at 9 a.m., on Sunday, the 13th Inst.

For HOIHOW AND HAIPHONG, (with Mails for Pakhoi and Hanoi).—Per Atalanta, at 9 a.m., on Sunday, the 13th Inst.

For PORT DARWIN, COOKTOWN, SYDNEY, MELBOURNE, &c.—Per Ocean, at 2.30 p.m., on Thursday, the 17th Inst. Private ship rates.

MAILS BY THE TORRES STRAITS PACKET.—The Australian Contract Packet Somerset, will be despatched from Hongkong, on SATURDAY, the 12th Instant, with Mails for Singapore, Thursday Island, Cooktown, Cleveland Bay, Bowen, Keppel Bay, Brisbane, Sydney, Tasmania, New Zealand, Fiji, and Melbourne.

Correspondence cannot be Registered after 4.15 p.m.

The Mails will be closed at 4.40 p.m. Supplementary mail on board with 18 cents late fee till time of departure.

Correspondence for Southern and Western Australia can be sent by this route if better to send it via Gall.

Hongkong, July 6, 1879. j312

MAILS BY THE BRITISH PACKET.—The British Contract Packet Khedive, will be despatched on TUESDAY, the 15th Instant, with Mails to and through the United Kingdom and Europe via Brindisi or Southampton; to the Straits Settlements, Batavia, Borneo, Ceylon, India, Aden, Egypt, Malta, and Gibraltar.

N.B.—This Packet carries no Mails for the Australian Colonies, S. or S. Africa, nor for New Guinea.

MEMOS. FOR TO-MORROW.

Shipping.

4 p.m.—Emerald leaves for Manila.

2 p.m.—Sale of Household Furniture, &c., at Mr. J. G. Smith's residence, No. 3, Blue Building, Praya East.

Miscellaneous.

Transfer Books of Hongkong Hotel Co., Limited, closed from this date to 25th Instant.

General Memoranda.

SATURDAY, July 12:—

5 p.m.—Somerset leaves for Singapore, &c.

SUNDAY, July 13:—

10 a.m.—Kwangtung leaves for Coast Ports.

MONDAY, July 14:—

6 a.m.—Atalanta leaves for Hoihow, &c.

9 p.m.—St. John Lodge, No. 618 S.C., Regular Meeting.

9 p.m.—Dramatic Performance at the Garrison Theatre.

TUESDAY, July 15:—

Cohoven leaves for San Francisco.

Noon.—English Mail leaves for Ports of Call and Europe.

Noon.—Sale of Household Furniture, at Mr. G. R. Lammer's residence, Spring Gardens.

Goods per Amazons undelivered after Noon, subject to rent and landing charges.

9 p.m.—Dramatic Performance at the Garrison Theatre.

WEDNESDAY, July 16:—

Goods per Kaiser-i-Hind not delivered after this date subject to rent.

THURSDAY, July 17:—

3 p.m.—American Mail leaves for Yokohama and San Francisco.

3 p.m.—Ocean leaves for Port Darwin, Cooktown, &c.

3 p.m.—Venice and Japan leave for Singapore, &c.

Transfer Books of the China Traders' Insurance Co., Limited, closed from this date to 31st Instant, inclusive.

TUESDAY, July 22:—

Noon.—French Mail leaves for Ports of Call and Europe.

FRIDAY, July 25:—

3.30 p.m.—Meeting of Shareholders of the H. K. Hotel Co., Ltd., at Hongkong Hotel.

THURSDAY, July 31:—

2.30 p.m.—Meeting of Shareholders of the China Traders' Insurance Co., Ltd., at the Head Office, Hongkong.

FRIDAY, August 1:—

3 p.m.—Occidental & Oriental S. S. Co.'s Steamer leaves for Yokohama and San Francisco.

THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY, Established A.D. 1841.

香港大藥房

A. S. WATSON & Co., FAMILY & DISPENSING CHEMISTS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS, IMPORTERS OF DRUGGISTS' Sundries, NURSERY Requisites, TOILET REQUISITES, ENGLISH, AMERICAN, AND FRENCH PATENT MEDICINES.

MANUFACTURERS OF Soda Water, Lemonade, Tonic Water, Gingerale, Potass Water, Sarsaparilla, Water, and other Aerated Waters.

The Manufactory is under direct and continuous European Supervision.

Hongkong, June 1, 1876.

MARRIAGES.

On the 8th May, at the church of St. John of Jerusalem, South Hackney, ROBERT MARSHALL, of 76, Evering-villas, Evering-road, Upper Clapton, and late of Manila, to ETTY M. THOMPSON, of London.

On the 29th May, at St. Martin's Church, on the Rev. R. Isherwood, CLARENCE SHARPE, of Calcutta, to ELLEN JANE, Widow of the late J. T. Brand, of Shanghai.

The publication of this issue commenced at 8.20 p.m.

THE CHINA MAIL.

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, JULY 10, 1879.

THERE is apparently some delay in the production of the departmental reports for the year 1878. Those documents have hitherto appeared in the Government Gazette not later than April of each year—except that of the Colonial Surgeon, which was published last year in the Gazette of 6th July. The report on the Government Schools for 1878 appeared in the beginning of April this year; and Dr Ayres' report, dated the 19th of May, comes to light in the Gazette of yesterday, the 9th July. What has become of the yearly reports on the Post Office, and the Police, and that from the Harbour Master, it is difficult to divine, unless the authorities purpose embodying them with those for the year 1879—a feat which a few months' further delay will place within the bounds of probability. In a Crown Colony, where comparatively little is known of the doings of the heads of departments, it is due to the public and to the officers mentioned that the annual account of their stewardship should not be pigeon-holed any longer than is absolutely necessary.

The Colonial Surgeon's Report is unusually lengthy this year, and contains many suggestive remarks in addition to the usual subjects of record. There is one matter however, which we regret has not been touched upon—viz., the effect of the new system of private flogging on the breach which has been inaugurated partly owing to representations made by

Dr. Ayres himself. In his report for 1877, the Colonial Surgeon pointed out that flogging with the cat-on-the-back or shoulders—which he was then happy to say had been stopped pending enquiry—caused a difficulty of breathing and pain in the chest, besides marking the man indelibly for life. He recommended the substitution of flogging on the breech with a rattan; and this is what the Doctor said about this punishment:—"It is quite as painful and severe, no injury is done to any internal organ, the sore produced is similar and takes as long, sometimes longer, to heal, and the man is marked for life, but on a part which need not be visible, and he at least has a chance of reforming." The seeds of constitutional disease had been sown, continued Dr Ayres, by floggings on the back, and a special enquiry into the matter would prove the correctness of his views. Now, without again going into the question whether Commissioners Wells and O'Brien did or did not bear out the opinion of Dr Ayres, it would have been most interesting to have heard from the Colonial Surgeon how the new system has acted, and in how far it has met the expectations formed regarding it by its supporters. Unfortunately, however, no mention whatever is made of flogging; and the public will probably regard this fact as curious. Speaking of Gaol matters, Dr Ayres dwells forcibly upon the overcrowded state of the Hospital, as well as of the prison cells generally; and it would appear that the patients in Hospital have less cubic space than the prisoners who are not sick. What Governor Hennessy meant when he spoke of the "horrible" atmosphere in the Gaol may be what the Colonial Surgeon here speaks of—"The close atmosphere of the cells and corridors at unlooked time in the morning is very bad, but all these things have been reported on many times by myself and others." It was only last year that the worthy Doctor informed us in this wise:—"One great improvement introduced into the Gaol this year (1877), has been the dry earth system of conservancy in the cells; before this important sanitary improvement was introduced, the effluvia in the morning in the corridors at unlooked hour was very great, now no disagreeable smell is detected." These statements do not seem to agree exactly; which is to be regretted, as upon these and such representations the Colony may be called upon to incur large expenditure. After a vigorous and apparently closely argued statement of his views on the opium-eating and opium-smoking question—in which the Colonial Surgeon deals with the criticism of the Friend of China—Dr. Ayres remarks on the altered type of prisoners now finding their way into Gaol. He says—"Instead of the study, desperadoes and pirates that used formerly to form the majority of the prisoners, we have now a considerable number of weak and broken-down prisoners in for minor offences, such as petty thefts, gambling, begging, and committing nuisances, who spend a great deal of time in Hospital and have to be put to light work all the time they are in confinement. They are a great trouble and anxiety and in many cases the loss of freedom is about the only punishment that can be permitted, with that exception they have never been as well off in all their lives. The separate cells and the new diet scales have been very useful in dealing with this class of prisoners." It is fortunate for Mr. Hennessy's proposed separate system scheme (that a special class of prisoners has arisen to illustrate the beauties of such a plan of segregation. From the description given of its numbers, this class is clearly not suited for flogging with the cat on the back; that luxury is rightly reserved for the sturdy desperadoes who commit crimes of violence, for which description of offences alone has public flogging ever been administered. The cat and the separate cell, therefore, might well go hand in hand.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

THE AUSTRALIAN MAILS (via Torres Straits), may be expected here about the 11th or 12th instant, by the E. and A. steamer Somerset.

THE delivery of the American mail was begun at 8.30 a.m. yesterday.

to-day. Many flower-pots were upset, and some few plants uprooted. Trees of considerable height and girth lining the approaches to the garden, were snapped in two, and others were rifled of their leaves. Of course, the flowers also suffered considerably, the ground being covered with the dispersed petals.

We learn that the roof of a godown behind the Blue Buildings, Praya East, collapsed with a crash this afternoon; but whether the cause should be assigned to age, white ants, or the elements we are not in a position to say.

This morning, at about 7.30, a cargo-boat loaded with stone filled and capsized off the Praya Central, and eight Chinamen were thrown in the water. Some Europeans who were on the Praya immediately rendered what assistance they could, and the whole of the crew were saved at the Ichang's Wharf, none the worse for their bath. The Government Steam Launch was passing at the time, and although the Europeans cried out to those on board, they would not stop, but proceeded on, without taking any notice, although they must have passed within a few feet of the poor fellows in the water. The Coxswain in charge ought to be taught a severe lesson for his inhumanity. There was also a sampan (No. 1090), which, although hailed to render assistance, declined to do so.

CORRESPONDENCE.

A SAD CASE.

To the Editor of the "CHINA MAIL."
Hongkong, 10th July, 1879.
Sir,—Kindly grant me space to invite the aid, signing himself "Yowler Pips" in this morning's issue, to pay me a visit. I have a new style of jacket that will "fit him like the paper on the wall," and will be of as much service to him as six months in an insane asylum.

PUCK.

BRUTAL MURDER.

This afternoon, a jury, composed of Messrs J. F. Mardfield, F. Rapp, and A. Wassensall, sat, with C. V. Creagh, Esq., Coroner, on the body of one Chung A-shan, a store-dealer, who, there is every reason to believe, has been brutally murdered. The jury having viewed the body, (a fearful sight) heard the following evidence:

Dr. Wharry: This body was brought to the hospital at 8 p.m. yesterday. It was greatly decomposed and full of maggots; it had apparently been dead several days. The body is that of a Chinese male of, say, 55 years of age. The clothing consisted of jacket and trousers; the latter I partly removed. There were several, apparently punctured wounds in front of the neck, one about 1½ in. long and one or two smaller.

An almost vertical incision was on the left cheek, about 2 in. long. The right side of the lower jaw was laid bare. There has been apparently a severe wound on the lower side of the face. In the abdomen there were three punctured wounds; one on the left side about 2 in. long vertically; one a little to the right of the middle line, about 2½ in. long; one smaller to the right. The bowels were protruding through all these wounds. The lower side of the right hand appeared to have been cut. I cannot say whether all the wounds had been inflicted with the same weapon; that with which these wounds had been inflicted must have been sharp-pointed and had at least one sharp edge; possibly two. The bone was laid bare on the back of the middle finger, right hand. These injuries would, there is little doubt, be sufficient to cause death, especially in a man of advanced years, as he was; but decomposition had set in too far to allow of my saying whether the bowels themselves had been wounded, or whether any of the vessels of the neck had been severed. I cannot positively say whether death was the result of these wounds or of the loss of blood, not knowing the extent of the injuries. The body has been dead not less than three days.

Yun Akew:—I am the widow of the deceased. He was 58 years of age. On the 21st last month he left home to go to Canton with a boat load of stone to sell; he was a stone dealer. He took with him an umbrella; he had a bag round his waist in which there were a scale and rule; there was some cash in the bag. He carried in his hand the pillow box produced. He told me he was going to Canton, when he left the house. He had told me the previous day that he intended to go there. He is a stone dealer; he buys stone at the quarries and ships it then to Canton. He had no money except the cash in the bag. He never has money going up, but always brings money back. He may be away, as a rule, 10, 14 or 20 days. On the 6th I heard he had come back; a stone boatman came to the house, looking for my husband, and told me so. I told him he had not come back; he said he had seen him at the Canton Steamer Wharf. Knowing there is a steep ravine there, and fearing he might have had a fall, I then went along the Hongkong pathway to look for my husband by which road he always came home. There, there is a deep ravine by the side of the road; and I looked for him there. I saw, as I went up the hill, the hat and umbrella case, shoes, rule and scale, pieces of the pillow box, purse, &c. produced, which I identify as belonging to my husband. They were at the bottom of a precipice, about 30 feet deep, under the road. I went to call my nephew, and told him about it, and he went to the Hongkong Police Station and reported to the Police Constable there. The Police searched all the hill side, and about two hundred feet from this they dug up the body of my husband, buried on the hill side. My husband never had a quarrel with any one. I believe somebody (I don't suspect any one in particular) robbed and murdered him. It was known all about that he used to bring home money; he used to pay the quarries with it. He used to bring from Tin, 70 to 100

Lam Achong:—I am master of a stone-boat. I knew the deceased, and have been employed by him for the last year to carry stone. On June 17th he engaged my boat at Tokawan to carry stone up to Canton; he told me to take it to Sha Wean, saying he would be there. I arrived on the 21st and he came to my boat next day and ordered me to discharge by the 25th. He then said to go back to Tokawan and he would engage my boat again. I left next day, and arrived here on the 3rd. Next day shortly after the arrival of the Canton steamer, I saw him near the Wharf. He told me, as my boat was nearly empty, that I had better go to Tokawan, and take more stone. Next day I went to his house to look for him. His wife told me he had not yet come back. I said I had seen him on the previous day at the Wharf. I then went on board my boat. Yesterday I heard the body had been found; I identify it as the body of the same man. These clothes produced are the same he wore when I saw him on the 4th; he had then a pillow-box and an umbrella. I cannot say he had a bag, he was in good spirits, and seemed in good health. I cannot say there was any one with him; we met in the crowd.

The nephew of the deceased, a stone-cutter, gave evidence as to his being shown the property of deceased by second witness, and to the police finding the body. His uncle never had a quarrel with any one; he was a very quiet man. He did not believe any one had any grudge against him.

Constable Butlin deposed to finding, when at the request of the nephew he went out to look for the body, the various articles produced, which the man had had with him; he also found a piece of human scalp and a queue, one end of it in the ground. Searching about, he found, some 30 yards distant, what seemed to him a newly filled-up grave. He reported the matter to Yow-mah-ti Station; shortly after the Sergeant arrived with some "resurrection coolies," and a "dead box." The ground being dug up this body was found rolled up in a mat, tied round with a rope. It was buried some 2½ feet below the surface. Of the broken silver produced, he found part under the cliff with the box &c.; the rest was given him by a woman at the Station, who said she had picked it up about the same place.

The Coroner said they jury had now to say whether there was sufficient evidence to justify them in bringing in a verdict of murder. It was clear enough the man had not caused his own death. It was for them to say whether they were satisfied he had been murdered; if not, they could say that he had died from these wounds, but how they had been inflicted there was no evidence to show.

The Jury, without hesitation, gave a verdict of "murder, against some person or persons unknown."

The Magistrate quite concurred; there was no doubt, he said, the man had been murdered.

Police Intelligence.
(Before C. V. Creagh, Esq.)
Thursday, July 10.

BREACHES OF THE GAMBLING ORDINANCE.

Chin A Sin, unemployed, Chun A Fuk, shop coolie; Leong A Kwong, bricklayer; Kwok Tann Shun, doctor; Sam A Ning, unemployed; Leong A Ting, shop coolie, and Lu Chun, a servant, were charged with gambling on the top floor of house No. 93 Hollywood Road on the 9th instant.

Inspector Lindsay deposed to making the entry into the house by virtue of a warrant at 8.30 p.m. yesterday; the defendants attempted to escape through a smoke hole in the roof. He found the fan-tan gear produced in Court.

The prisoners denied having gambled, and gave different excuses for having been found in the house.

His Worship fined the first, second, third, and fifth prisoners each \$5 with the alternative of 14 days' imprisonment with hard labour, in addition to six hours' exposure in the stocks opposite the house. The fourth prisoner was called upon to give security in \$30 for his future good behaviour. The others were discharged.

There was another case of a similar nature brought before his Worship to-day, in which Wong Ato and 18 others were arrested in the house No. 14 Pound Lane by Inspector Corcoran. The usual fan-tan gear proved the house to be a gambling den.

His Worship, in addressing the prisoners, said he would not convict them of being keepers of a gambling house, but would convict them of being found in a public gambling house, and passed sentence upon them as follows:—

The first and second were each fined \$50, and upon their saying that they had no means to pay the penalty his Worship sentenced them to three months' hard labour each; the other prisoners, with the exception of the two last, were each fined \$5, and upon their declaring their inability to pay the penalty they were ordered to be imprisoned respectively for 14 days; and the two last were discharged.

UNLAWFUL POSSESSION.

Un Aid, a hawker, was charged with the unlawful possession of a pair of scales. Police Sergeant No. 123 deposed:—Yesterday he saw the prisoner offering a pair of scales for sale to a hawker. Witness asked him where he got it from; but the prisoner could not give him any satisfactory account how he came by the same, so he took him to the station.

Prisoner denied the charge, saying the scales were his, but admitted having been in Gaol for four weeks in June 1878 for larceny.

His Worship fined him \$10, in default 5 weeks' imprisonment with hard labour.

LARCENY.

Wong Apo, a blacksmith, was sentenced to six months' imprisonment with hard labour, and to be exposed in the stocks for six hours at the Cross Roads, for stealing a jacket, the property of one Li Atak.

The other case before the Court consisted of unlicensed hawkers and fighting in the streets, resulting in the accused being mulcted in small sums.

The Court rose at about 2 p.m.

Davis: "I think, Sandy, we might just see another gill." Sandy: "Oh, ay, I think we should; but you paid for the last, and I have no money." Davis: "Then, Sandy, I think we had better plenty."

A rotting lady while on her way to be married was run over and killed. A confirmed old maid was engaged to be married, and she had a more lingering and horrible fate.

NEWS BY THE ENGLISH MAIL.

The Kaiser-i-Hind, Captain Methven, with the English mail of June 6th, does not bring any important telegrams.

TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY.

(From Indian Papers.)
London, June 20, 1879.—Oriental Bank Shares \$19 10s.; Chartered Bank do \$20 10s.; Chartered Mercantile Bank do \$20 10s.; Hongkong & Shanghai Bank do \$23.
Cairo, June 22.—The Khedive has refused to comply with the demand made by France and England that he should abdicate.

Lower Tugela, 5.30 p.m. May 9.—There is a report brought in by natives, for the authenticity of which I cannot of course vouch, but which nevertheless I have always anticipated, that Cetewayo's finding our resources so great, has burnt his kraal and retired to the northwest of Zululand, with his wives, cattle, and a large army. If this proves to be true, the disensions amongst the Zulus, which I have clearly reported, may prove to be correct. By the next convey a large number of tents are going forward to Fort Chelmsford, as the General has determined, on medical recommendation, to place all the troops under canvas.

London, June 22.—The Porte has offered to depose the Khedive, provided Kalim Pacha is accepted as the successor. Lord Salisbury, replying to a question in the House of Lords to-night, said that England and France had recommended Prince Tewfik, the hereditary Prince of Egypt, as the Khedive's successor.

(London and China Express, June 6.)
A fortune-teller charged at the South-west Police-court was sentenced to three months' hard labour. The prisoner had issued advertisements promising to reveal to those who sent a sufficient number of stamps not only their future husbands or wives, but various secrets disclosing how the possessors were to gain the love of others. The prisoner's correspondence was very extensive, embracing not alone England, but countries at a great distance, including India and China.

A distinguished service reward has been conferred upon Inspector-General Anderson, M.D., C.B., half-pay, Army Medical Department. Dr. Anderson was present at the capture of Canton in 1867 (medal with clasp). Captain E. Barton, 27th Regiment, is appointed assistant military secretary to Major-General Donovan at Hong Kong.

The appointment of Staff Surgeon Thomas D'Arcy Browne to the *Charybdis* on the China station is gazetted.

The King has granted permission to Jhr. Mr. E. W. F. Utewael Van Staetwegen, Minister-Resident in Japan, to accept the Cross of Officer of the *Legion d'Honneur*, presented to him by the President of the French Republic.

It is announced that at the commencement of next term at Yale University an oration will be delivered by Chun Ling, a Chinese member of the Class of 1879, on "The Chinese in America."

The *Gazette* formally announces that Lieutenant-General Sir Garnet Joseph Wolsley, G.C.M.G., K.C.B., is to have the local and temporary rank of General while commanding the Forces in South Africa.

The steamer *Edinburgh Castle* arrived at Madeira on the 4th inst. with Sir Garnet Wolsley and his staff on board, and proceeded for Capetown, after receiving the telegrams from England.

The Russian steamer *Nishi Novgorod*, now lying at Marseilles, is to repair to Odessa to embark Nihilists for the island of Saghalien, which has been adopted as a penal settlement instead of Siberia. She will take the Suez route.

Latest Mail Advertisements:—Yokohama April 19, Shanghai 23, Foochow 24, Hong Kong 29. The P. & O. mail from Yokohama 12th, Shanghai 10th, Hong Kong 22nd, Singapore 29th April, was received, via Brindisi, on the 31st ult., two days early, and the French mail, with the advices dated as above, reached London, via Naples, on the 4th inst., five days in advance of due date. The steamer *Poonah*, with the heavy portion of the P. & O. inward mail, left Gibraltar for Southampton on the 3rd inst.

We understand that the question which recently arose between the civil and military authorities at Singapore, on the occasion of the return of Sir William Robinson, G.C.M.G., Governor of the Straits Settlements, from Batavia, as to furnishing the representative of the Queen with a guard of honour, has been decided in favour of the civil authorities, and in future a guard of honour will in all cases have to be furnished, where the necessary troops are available.

A preliminary trial of one of the four gunboats that have been built for the Chinese Government has taken place at Newcastle-on-Tyne, in the presence of Commander Lang, R.N., and the representatives of the builders. The official trial is fixed for the 1st July, and it is probable that his Excellency the Chinese Minister will be present.

The Mayor of Cardiff has presented, on behalf of the Board of Trade, a bronze medal to John Jacobs, an Austrian seaman, for gallantry in the China Seas on May 20th last year. Jacobs was aboard the *Mos Glen* when the mate fell over. He was in bed at the time, and hearing a splash he rushed on deck and thence into the water. Although the vessel was going at about six knots an hour, he tried to rescue the mate. Twenty minutes elapsed before he reached him, and then the two men struggled together for half an hour. By this time the ship's boat came up, but the mate was dead.

Havre.—May 29, an English vessel has been charged to take the cargo of salt of the *Julia Duval*, condemned at Saigon, on her voyage from Annam for Hongkong. Fung Yee, Interpreter to the Chinese Legation, has been elected a member of the Royal Institution.

In the Common Pleas Division, before Mr Justice Coleridge and a special jury, the case of "Preston v. Dallas" has been tried. The plaintiff was a shipbroker in Gracechurch-street, and the defendant was a member of the firm of Jardine, Matheson & Co. The action was to recover £1,375, the balance of a commission of 2½ per cent upon the sale for £760,000 of the steamships *Vasco da Gama* and *Vancouver*. The ships were sold to the China Trans-Pacific Steamship Company (Limited), of which the defendant was at one time chairman, and one of the questions was whether the company or the defendant himself was liable. After a good deal of evidence had been given, defendant's counsel said that he should not contest the case further, and a verdict for the plaintiff for £1,375 was given.

We believe that the special Envoy despatched by his Majesty the King of Siam

is expected to arrive about the 16th inst. His Excellency, among other matters, will lay before our Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs the particulars of a grievance against Consul-General Knox, to which we alluded in our last.

COLONIAL SURGEON'S REPORT
FOR 1878.

The following Annual Report of the Colonial Surgeon, with Returns annexed, for the year 1878, is published for general information in the *Gazette*:—

GOVERNMENT CIVIL HOSPITAL,
HONGKONG, 19th May, 1879.

SIR,—I have the honour to forward my Annual Report for the year 1878, together with the Tables showing the work done in the different Establishments of the Colonial Medical Department. I also enclose the Report of the Superintendent of the Government Civil Hospital of the work done in that Establishment during the past year. I regret that this Report has not been sent in before, but the absence of the Superintendent on leave and the burning of the Hospital have occasioned him more trouble than usual in making up his Report and Tables.

The Superintendent of the Government Civil Hospital was away on leave for seven months during the past year, and a difficulty occurred in procuring a substitute. For about three weeks, I did the duties of Superintendent of this Establishment in addition to my own duties, but fortunately Dr Von der Horck, who had newly arrived in the Colony, undertook to do duty as Acting Superintendent, and thus relieved me of such an arduous addition to my own work.

The Superintendent of the Government Civil Hospital is the only man in the Colonial Service of Hongkong, whose whole time is given to the service of the Government, who has any difficulty in procuring a substitute without loss to himself. In the service, two months' leave of absence in every year is allowed on full pay, and one year's leave on half pay after six years' service, provided a substitute can be procured who will undertake to do the full pay leave for nothing, and the half pay leave for the half pay. This is generally managed in other Departments, but in ours there are no surplus Medical Officers who can undertake to do the work. Consequently, under the Colonial regulations, unless the Superintendent can procure some Medical man not belonging to the service, to do the duties, generally at some loss to himself, he cannot get any leave. I represented this hard case to the Government, who, I am glad to say, coincided with my view, and the money was voted to pay the Acting Superintendent; so that the Superintendent was enabled to have his leave without loss to himself, or any detriment to the working of the Establishment under his charge.

This year we lost the services of an old and valued servant of the Government—Mr A. A. Botelho, Apothecary to the Government Civil Hospital, who, retired, owing to ill health, after twenty-three years' service. It has been impossible to procure an equally trustworthy and efficient officer in the Colony to take his place at the same pay. I therefore recommended that the salary should be considerably increased, and a properly qualified Apothecary should be procured from home who could also undertake the duties of Analyst, which recommendation has been approved of. There will thus be two qualified medical men attached to this institution, and any such trouble as was referred to in my last Annual Report will, I hope, be impossible in future.

POLICE.

There has been a considerable increase in the number of admissions from the Force to Hospital. The greatest number being from the coloured portion of the Force, and among them occurred the greatest number of deaths. Still the number of deaths in the Force was small, being only six altogether. Table III shows the number of sick from each district for each month of the year. There was a greater number of cases of venereal among the Police than usual, but only two cases of constitutional disease reported.

TROOPS.

Table IV shows the strength, sickness and mortality amongst the Troops in Garrison here, and the figures are high, both as regards admissions to Hospital and Deaths.

Admitted to Hospital.	Deaths.
1874.....1,087.....10	
1875.....716.....9	
1876.....563.....2	
1877.....973.....9	
1878.....944.....10	

The admissions were less than last year, the deaths more by one, but the amount of sickness is not so surprising as it was in 1877, for then it was among troops that had been here a year and had previously come from Malta. Whereas last year it was among troops that had in the beginning of the year arrived from Singapore, and had been through a campaign in the Tropics. Here also there is a considerable increase in the number of cases of venereal disease, of the 221 cases recorded, only 11 showed constitutional symptoms.

On the 26th of December, the temporary Government Civil Hospital was burnt down. Such short notice of its danger was given, owing to the rapidly with which the configuration of the buildings below it spread, that there was only time to remove the patients, instruments and records, some of which were lost in removal. The furniture, bedding, stores and library of the Hospital were all burnt. The attendants also lost most of their things, being engaged in removing the Government property that I have mentioned as being saved from the fire. No thought of the fire spreading with such rapidity to the Hospital had been entertained, and the attendants had been on the alert all night expecting cases of injury might be brought in every moment, but though over 300 houses were completely destroyed, no case of injury fortunately occurred requiring to be brought to Hospital.

Our troubles concerning the Government Civil Hospital are now worse than ever. One building was destroyed by typhoon in 1874, and another has been this year destroyed by fire. Both these buildings were, as has been frequently reported, inadequate for their accommodation. Now the Lock Hospital, which was well fitted for the work it was built for, is quite inadequate for the use it is put to as temporary Civil Hospital, and the temporary Small Pox Wards are inadequate for the use they have been put to as a temporary Lock Hospital. Some

rooms in the ruined Hospital destroyed in 1874, being used as Small Pox Wards, are not watertight, but fortunately Small Pox is only prevalent during the dry season; they could not be used for any purpose during the typhoon season, as the building would not be safe. All these troubles have been fully reported on, and it is to be hoped that the proposed Government Civil Hospital accommodation, which has been so long coming, will soon be among the things that are, having all the requisites necessary for the comfort and well-being of the sick as well as the officers and attendants to it.

There has been a considerable increase in the number of patients received into the Civil Hospital this year, both medical and surgical cases, and the limited accommodation gave serious inconvenience, but the percentage of mortality among the patients received has been less than in any previous year, except 1876, as shown by Table VI.

Table V shows the types of diseases. Fevers and Bowel complaints being the dominant, the former being chiefly of the milder form, only one case of death occurring in over 200 cases of all types of Fevers admitted. There has been a considerable increase in the number of venereal cases admitted, but I am happy to say these contracted in Hongkong have been of the mildest type.

Table VII shows the admissions and deaths in this Hospital for every month in the year. The greatest number of admissions took place in the month of August, but from May to November, the number averaged over 120 per month, the admissions for the other five months averaging under 90 per month.

Table VIII shows the number of dead bodies brought to Hospital, which, as usual, were principally Chinese.

The staff worked well, although the loss of Mr Botelho's services caused considerable inconvenience. Mr Senna, who acted for him, though painstaking and willing, not having had the same amount of experience, could not fill the void left by Mr A. A. Botelho, but for all that deserves praise and credit for the way in which he has performed his duties.

VICTORIA GAOL.

The medical charge of this Establishment is in my hands. There has been a greater number of admissions to Hospital than usual and a greater number of deaths. The number of cases allowed to leave the Gaol with conditional pardons on account of disease have been fewer, which partly accounts for the increased number of deaths, but the main cause was the number of heart complaints; of these 22 were cases of general Anasarca, and the heart disease was first brought to notice by complaints of difficulty of breathing, rheumatic pains and swelling of the lower extremities. Ultimately in all these cases general Anasarca occurred, the whole body, limbs and face being swollen to an immense size. Some of the cases that recovered and are still in Gaol appeared worse than others that died. Of the cases that died nearly all were examined post mortem, and in all these cases the disease was similar, dilated right side of the heart; in some cases the wall so thin as to be almost transparent; dropsical effusion into the pericardium and abdomen, and general congestion of all the internal organs. All these cases occurred in the beginning of the year in the cold months; a large number of Bronchitis and rheumatic cases occurring at the same time, many more than usual being of a severe type, I was puzzled to account for them; till at last I discovered the cells were being washed by regulation so many times a week, weather not being taken into account, so that on dull damp days the cell floors never dried at all, and the prisoners slept on them damp as they were almost when first washed. Orders being given that the cells should only be washed on dry sunny days soon decreased this class of cases to an inconceivable number. The case of Hernia was an old-standing irreducible one. Operation revealed that a piece of omentum twisted round the gut was the cause of the obstruction, the gut was released from the constriction, but the old adhesions prevented its return to the abdomen, and the patient, a poor old debilitated creature, sunk and died soon after the operation. The case of Alcoholia was a poor old Indian named Jerry, who used to get his living by blacking sailors' boots and used to hang round the grog shops in Queen's Road trying for customers. It appears he more often got his pay in the form of a drink than anything else, and was frequently in Gaol for being drunk and incapable. This time he was brought in as usual, he hardly recovered his senses, was unable to take food, and died soon after admission. On enquiry it appeared he had lived on nothing but drink for many days.

There was one very curious case of feigned insanity this year in the Gaol. This was the prisoner Newman on remand for murder. For nearly three months, this man never spoke except on one occasion, and so skillfully did he feign chronic dementia that I did not see him from the first I should have been very doubtful about his case, as it was, I was quite sure he was sane. He was seen by other Medical men of more experience than myself in psychological cases, and they all had great doubts of his sanity. During his examination before the Magistrate, he kept up the sham most successfully, apparently taking no note of the proceedings. Yet when he suddenly gave it up a few days before his trial, he showed how attentive he had been by his analysis of the evidence, and how carefully he had noted things during the time he had been feigning by bringing a charge against one of the Warders of unnecessary cruelty, giving dates and naming events that occurred about the same time. He gave in, remarking "he'd sooner die than live fifteen or twenty years in Gaol after all." All through this case many important symptoms were absent. The temperature never varied from health, the skin was moist and no particular smell could be detected, the tongue was clean, bowels regular and pulse normal. He would not take any solid food for weeks, but he took enough soup and milk to keep a man in good condition; he never lost weight and though he would do nothing he was told to do, yet when compulsion was used he was very careful to avoid being hurt in any way. When electricity or the cold douche was used, he shouted and struggled, but never uttered a word. He contrived to do with very little sleep, but never slept less than three or four hours in the twenty-four. The symptoms were, his loquacity, his doing with little sleep, stripping himself naked, obscene and dirty habits, daubing the walls with night soil, and only once his own face and body, singing to himself, and a palsied motion of the head with twitching of the muscles of the face, but this only when he knew he was being watched. Two feigned attempts at suicide

also when he knew he was being watched. These were very bungling attempts, very different from the cunning attempts shown in suicidal mania. He at last gave in when confined in a cell, specially prepared, so that he was watched at all times, without his knowledge though he suspected it, the trial was then too great and he gave in at once. It was evident that he had at some time or other seen or been attendant on some case of madness, without which I do not think a man of his class could have made such a faithful copy. He was cool and self-possessed in his last moments making a short speech from the scaffold to the bystanders.

There is considerable difficulty with the sick in Hospital which is always overcrowded, the Chinese only getting about 200 cubic feet of space per man, and the Europeans about 500 cubic feet per man; it is true the cells have large windows and only barred gates opening out to the corridor, but in winter the windows at any rate have to be closed and the ventilation is anything but good, added to which the night soil bucket in the cell, though the dry earth system in use keeps the smell from becoming overpowering. The other cells of the prison, with the exception of the European and separate cells, are just as much overcrowded. The close atmosphere of the cells and corridors at unlooming time in the morning is very bad, but all these things have been reported on many times by myself and others. Though the number of admissions to the Gaol this year is less than usual, yet the daily average number of prisoners is greatly in excess, and consequently the overcrowding is worse than it ever was.

Total number of prisoners admitted to Gaol.	Daily average number of prisoners.
1873.....4,656.....388	
1874.....5,445.....350.4	
1875.....4,023.....374.06	
1876.....4,056.....482.60	
1877.....3,864.....395.22	
1878.....3,803.....519.10	

There have been the usual number of opium cases, but with no case has there been any trouble or difficulty; they are not allowed any opium or other narcotics, and seldom require any particular attention. One old man said he had been an opium smoker for twenty-five years. She was sixty years old and anemic, was treated for the Anemia and improved very much in general health, but her opium smoking was entirely ignored.

THE SMALL POX HOSPITAL.

This Establishment has been under my charge for the last four years, as when the temporary Government Civil Hospital was moved to the Central District, it was too far off for the attendance of the Superintendent.

There have been only seven cases admitted, all of them of a comparatively mild type, and there were no deaths.

THE LUNATIC ASYLUM.

Is under my charge, and this year there have been five inmates. Two of whom died. One was an old Sikhboy, who had become paralytic and idiotic and lingered for some months in this condition; the other was a case of Acute Mania, and the patient had mutilated himself frightfully. The rest were discharged.

TUNG WAH HOSPITAL.

The total number of cases admitted into this Hospital during 1878 was 1,646 and there were 756 deaths. This Establishment attends principally to outpatients, of whom 58,086 received advice, those admitted are in a very large number of cases incurable. The Hospital is entirely under Chinese supervision, kept fairly clean, and the patients' comfort attended to according to Chinese ideas. A great number of vaccinations have been performed, 1,683 altogether, of which 100 were performed by Chinese Doctors attached to this institution in Villages and Rural Districts of the Colony.

HEALTH OF THE COLONY.

Table XVI shows the population, mortality and percentage of deaths of the European community in Hongkong in the last ten years. Of these years three only show a lower percentage, and the same number a less number of deaths than 1878, so that the health of the Colony, as far as Europeans are concerned, may be considered to have been exceptionally good, as the same allowance must be made every year for those who leave the Colony almost hopelessly ill.

Table XVII shows the Annual Atmospheric Report, by which it will be seen that though the heat was as great as in any preceding year reported, yet the rainfall was considerably above the average, which bears out what has been voted in previous reports that the greater the rainfall is in tropical countries the better the health of the inhabitants.

Table XVII shows the work done by the Inspectors of Nuisances. There is a considerable increase in the number of persons summoned, and the amount collected is more than double that of last year, being \$2,111.93, as compared with \$897.93. I regretted that no improvement has taken place in the construction of houses occupied by Chinese, many of which render the possibility of the inhabitants keeping them clean out of the question, not only as the plans wanting in all sanitary principles, but the construction is in many cases so faulty as to render them absolutely dangerous not only to their inhabitants but also to passengers through the streets. I could point out houses which have had to be rebuilt to my knowledge three times, the previous buildings, though quite new, having fallen down of themselves, from no atmospheric cause or convulsion of nature, but from faults of construction only, and this in a town where earthquakes are not unknown and which Typhoons have visited frequently and severely. I reported on the want of all sanitary arrangements in this class of houses especially in 1874, and the necessity for this being remedied in a town in which they are becoming yearly more numerous, and requisite, owing to the rapidity with which the Chinese population increases.

Temperature.

(Taken at Messrs Falconer & Co.'s Premises Queen's Road.)

HONGKONG, July 10, 1879.		
BAROMETER—	9 A.M....	29.764
Do.	1 P.M....	29.840
Do.	4 P.M....	29.832
THERMOMETER—	9 A.M....	78
Do.	1 P.M....	79
Do.	4 P.M....	79
	(Wet bulb) 9 A.M.	77
Do.	1 P.M.	78
Do.	Do. 4 P.M.	78
Do.	Maximum	80
Do.	Minimum over night	77

Intimations.

YANGTZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

NOTICE.

IN accordance with the Articles of Agreement, the Directors have declared a **DIVIDEND** to POLICYHOLDERS for the FIFTEEN MONTHS ending 31st December 1878, of THIRTY-THREE PER CENT. on the NET PREMIA CONTRIBUTED, payable at our Office on and after the 15th instant.

POLICYHOLDERS are requested to send in particulars of their Contributions.

By Order of the Directors,
RUSSELL & Co.,
Agents.

Hongkong, May 5, 1879.

TAKASIMA MINE.

NOTICE.

MR. NAKAHARA KUNINOZUKU has been appointed my Sole AGENT for the sale of all COAL produced from the TAKASIMA MINE, and all Purchases of such Coal must be made through him and his representatives on and after the 16th instant.

GOTO SHOJIRO.

Nagasaki, June 13, 1879.

ON and After the 16th instant, my Representatives for the SALE of all COAL produced from the Takasima Mine will be

At Nagasaki,
MR. RYLE HOLME.

At China Ports,
Hongkong and Elsewhere,
Messrs JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,
Or their Agents,
NAKABARA KUNINOZUKU.
Nagasaki, June 13, 1879.

TO LET.

TO LET.

FIRST-CLASS GODOWNS AT WANCHAI.
For Particulars, apply to
SIEMSEN & Co.
Hongkong, July 8, 1879.

TO LET.

ON MARINE LOT No. 65, formerly known as the Blue House, Praya East—A GROUND FLOOR and A FIRST FLOOR, either separately or together. Also, Top Floor of No. 3, FIRST-CLASS GRANITE GODOWNS.
Apply to MEYER & Co.
Hongkong, June 3, 1879.

TO LET.

(On Peddar's Wharf.)

OFFICES, fronting the Harbour, and GODOWNS; with possession from the 1st of July next.
Apply to
G. R. LAMBERT.
Hongkong, June 14, 1879.

TO LET.

HOUSES—No. 9, ZETLAND STREET, and No. 7, PEDDAR'S HILL.
DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.
Hongkong, April 29, 1879.

TO LET.

OFFICES in CLUB CHAMBERS.
Apply to
DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.
Hongkong, April 8, 1879.

"ROSE VILLAS"—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED,
BONHAM ROAD,
WITH Large TENNIS LAWN.
Apply to
SHARP & DANBY,
No. 8, Queen's Road Central,
late Messrs E. D. SASSOON & Co.
Hongkong, May 10, 1879.

TO LET.

MARINE HOUSE—WEST.
SECOND FLOOR and a GODOWN.
OFFICES in Queen's Road, now under the occupation of Messrs WILSON & BIRD, and Messrs DAVIS & Co.
Also,
OFFICES and GODOWN in DUNDRELL STREET.
Apply to
E. R. BELLIOS.
Hongkong, May 21, 1879.

Mails.

STEAM FOR

SINGAPORE, PENANG, POINT DE GALLE, ADEN, SUERZ, MALTA, BRINDISI, ANCONA, VENICE, MED. TERRANEAN PORTS, SOUTH-AMPTON, AND LONDON (Direct);
ALSO
OMBAY, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S Steamship **HEDIFE**, Captain J. D. STEWARD, will leave this on TUESDAY, the 15th July, at noon.
For further Particulars, apply to
A. MEYER, Superintendent.
Hongkong, July 1, 1879.

Mails.

U. S. MAIL LINE.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

THROUGH TO NEW YORK, VIA OVERLAND RAILWAYS, AND TOUCHING AT YOKOHAMA, AND SAN FRANCISCO.

THE U. S. Mail Steamship **CHINA** will be despatched for San Francisco, via Yokohama, on THURSDAY, the 17th instant, at 3 p.m., taking Passengers, and Freight, for Japan, the United States, and Europe.

Through Bills of Lading issued for transportation to Yokohama and other Japan Ports, to San Francisco, to Atlantic and Indian Oceans of the United States via Overland Railways to Havana, Trinidad, and Demerara, and to ports in Mexico, Central and South America by the Company's and connecting Steamers.

Through Passage Tickets granted to England, France, and Germany by all trans-Atlantic lines of Steamers.

On Through PASSAGES TO EUROPE, a REDUCTION OF TWENTY PER CENT. from Regular Rates is granted to OFFICERS of the ARMY and NAVY, AND MEMBERS of the CIVIL and CONSULAR SERVICES IN COMMISSION.

Freight will be received on board until 4 p.m., the 16th instant. Parcel Packages will be received at the Office until 5 p.m. same day; all Parcel Packages should be marked to address in full; value of same is required.

Consular Invoices to accompany Overland Cargo should be sent to the Company's Office in Sealed Envelopes, addressed to the Collector of Customs at San Francisco.

For further information as to Passage and Freight, apply to the Agency of the Company, No. 9, Praya Central.

RUSSELL & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, July 5, 1879.

NOTICE.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

PAQUEBOTS POSTE FRANÇAIS.

STEAM FOR
SAIGON, SINGAPORE, BATAVIA,
POINT DE GALLE,
ADEN, SUERZ, ISMAILIA, PORT SAID, NAPLES, AND MARSAILLES;
ALSO,
PONDICHERY, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND ALL INDIAN PORTS.

ON TUESDAY, the 22nd of July, 1879, at Noon, the Company's S. S. **DJEMNAH**, Commandant DIDIER, with MALES, PASSENGERS, SPECIES, and CARGO, will leave this Port for the above places.

Cargo and Specie will be registered for London as well as for Marseilles, and accepted in transit through Marseilles for the principal places of Europe.

Shipping Orders will be granted until Noon.

Cargo will be received on board until 4 p.m., Specie and Parcels until 3 p.m. on the 21st of July, 1879. (Parcels are not to be sent on board; they must be left at the Agency's Office.)

Contents and value of Packages are required.

For further particulars, apply at the Company's Office.
G. DE CHAMPEAUX,
Agent.

Hongkong, July 9, 1879.

Occidental & Oriental Steam-Ship Company.

TAKING THROUGH CARGO AND PASSENGERS FOR THE UNITED STATES AND EUROPE, IN CONNECTION WITH THE CENTRAL

and UNION PACIFIC AND CONNECTING RAILROAD COMPANIES, AND ATLANTIC STEAMERS.

THE S. S. **OCEANIC** will be despatched for San Francisco via Yokohama, on FRIDAY, August 1st, 1879, at 3 p.m., taking Cargo and Passengers for Japan, the United States, Mexico, Central and South America, and Europe.

Connection is made at Yokohama, with Steamers from Shanghai.

Freight will be received on Board until 4 p.m. of the 31st July. PARCEL PACKAGES will be received at the Office until 5 p.m. same day; all Parcel Packages should be marked to address in full; value of same is required.

A REDUCTION is made on RETURN PASSAGE TICKETS.

Consular Invoices to accompany Overland Cargo, should be sent to the Company's Office addressed to the Collector of Customs, San Francisco.

For further information as to Freight or Passage, apply to the Agency of the Company, No. 37, Queen's Road Central.

E. M. BLANCHARD, Acting Agent.

Hongkong, July 8, 1879.

INSURANCES.

SWISS LLOYD

TRANSPORT INSURANCE COMPANY OF WINTERTHUR.

INSURANCES granted on MARINE RISKS to all parts of the World.
MEYER & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, June 8, 1879.

SCOTTISH IMPERIAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE AND LIFE.

INSURANCES against FIRE granted at Current Rates. Considerable Reduction in Premiums for LIFE Insurance in China.

MEYER & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, June 9, 1879.

INSURANCES.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Underigned, Agents for the above Company, are prepared to grant Insurances at current rates.

MELCHERS & Co.,

Agents, Royal Insurance Company.
Hongkong, October 27, 1874.

QUEEN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Underigned are prepared to grant Policies against Fire to the extent of \$45,000 on Buildings, or on Goods stored therein, at current local rates, subject to a Discount of 20% on the Premium.

NORTON & Co.,

Agents.
Hongkong, January 1, 1874.

THE LONDON ASSURANCE.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER of His Majesty King George The First, A. D. 1720.

THE Underigned having been appointed Agents for the above Corporation are prepared to grant Insurances as follows:—

Marine Department.

Policies at current rates payable either here, in London or at the principal Ports of India, China and Australia.

Fire Department.

Policies issued for long or short periods at current rates. A discount of 20% allowed.

Life Department.

Policies issued for sums not exceeding £5,000 at reduced rates.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.

Hongkong, July 25, 1872.

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Incorporated by Royal Charter and Special Acts of Parliament.

ESTABLISHED 1809.

CAPITAL £2,000,000.

THE Underigned, AGENTS at Hongkong for the above Company, are prepared to grant Policies against FIRE, to the extent of £10,000 on any Building, or on Merchandise in the same, at the usual Rates, subject to a discount of 20 per cent.

GILMAN & Co.,
Agents.

Hongkong, July 8, 1875.

CHINESE INSURANCE COMPANY, (LIMITED.)

NOTICE.

POLICIES granted at current rates on Marine Risks to all parts of the World, in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association. Two Thirds of the Profit, are distributed annually to Contributors whether Shareholders or not, in proportion to the net amount of Premium contributed by each, the remaining third being carried to Reserve Fund.

J. BRADLEE SMITH,
Secretary.

Hongkong, December 9, 1878.

LANCASHIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

(FIRE AND LIFE.)

CAPITAL—TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

THE Underigned are prepared to grant Policies against the Risk of FIRE on Buildings or on Goods stored therein, on Goods on board Vessels and on Hulls of Vessels in Harbour, at the usual Terms and Conditions.

Proposals for Life Assurances will be received, and transmitted to the Directors for their decision.

If required, protection will be granted on first class Lives up to £1000 on a Single Life.

For Rates of Premiums, forms of proposals or any other information, apply to
ARNHOLD, KARBURG & Co.,
Agents, Hongkong & Canton.

Hongkong, January 4, 1867.

MANCHESTER FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF MANCHESTER AND LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1824.

Capital of the Company £1,000,000 Sterling of which is paid up £ 100,000
Reserve Fund upwards of £ 120,000
Annual Income £ 250,000

THE Underigned have been appointed Agents for the above Company at Hongkong, Canton, Foochow, Shanghai, and Hankow, and are prepared to grant Insurances at current rates.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.

Hongkong, October 15, 1868.

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.

AGENTS at all the Treaty Ports of China and Japan, and at Singapore, Saigon and Penang.

Risks accepted; and Policies of Insurance granted at the rates of Premium current at the above mentioned Ports.

NO CHARGE FOR POLICY FEE.

JAS. B. COUGHRIE,
Secretary.

Hongkong, November 1, 1871.

Merchant Vessels in Hongkong Harbour.

Exclusive of late Arrivals and Departures reported to-day.

To facilitate finding the position of any vessel in the Harbour, the Anchorage is divided into eight Sections, commencing at Green Island. Vessels near the Hongkong shore are marked A, near the Kowloon shore B, and those in the body of the Harbour C, in conjunction with the figures denoting the sections.

1. From Green Island to the Gas Works.
2. From Gas Works to the Novelty Iron Works.
3. From Novelty Iron Works to the Harbour Master's Office.
4. From Harbour Master's Office to the P. and O. Co.'s Office.
5. From P. and O. Co.'s Office to Peddar's Wharf.
6. From Peddar's Wharf to the Naval Yard.
7. From Naval Yard to the Pier.
8. From Pier to East Point.

Vessel's Name	Flag and Reg.	Tons	Date of Arrival	Consignees or Agents.	Destination.	Remarks.
Steamers						
Atalanta	Ger. str.	782	July 5	Meyer & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Bombay	Brit. str.	749	Feb. 12	Kwok Acheong	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Charlton	Brit. str.	786	July 8	Chinese	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
China	Brit. str.	1038	June 27	P. & O. S. N. Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
China	Amer. str.	8836	July 9	P. M. S. S. Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Danube	Brit. str.	661	July 6	Xuon Fat Hong	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Fame	Brit. str.	117	July 9	E. K. & W. Poon Dock Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Fuyow	Brit. str.	920	July 9	O. M. S. N. Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Japan	Brit. str.	1856	July 9	David Sassoon, Sons & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Kaiser-Hind	Brit. str.	2559	July 9	P. & O. S. N. Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Kingchow	Brit. str.	305	May 27	Kwok Acheong	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Kwangtung	Brit. str.	675	July 9	Douglas Laprak & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Menelaus	Brit. str.	1559	July 10	Butterfield & Swire	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Menmair	Brit. str.	2000	July 9	Gibb, Livingston & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Ningpo	Brit. str.	791	July 9	Siemens & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Norden	Dan. str.	773	July 9	Siemens & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Norona	Brit. str.	606	May 31	Kwok Acheong	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Ocean	Brit. str.	800	July 9	Gibb, R. Stevens & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Penodo	Brit. str.	682	June 26	Melchers & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Scotland	Brit. str.	1190	July 9	Russell & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Sea Gull	Amer. str.	48	Mar. 24	China Traders' Insurance Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Venice	Brit. str.	1271	July 9	Jardine, Matheson & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Venture	Brit. str.	265	June 25	Landstein & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Zephyr	Brit. str.	286	July 9	Kwok Acheong	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Sailing Vessels						
A. Newton	Brit. bqe.	308	July 9	O. & S. S. Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Ann Adamson	Brit. bqe.	464	June 26	Kwok Him Woo	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Auguste	Dutch sh.	1308	June 17	Edward Schellhass & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Blenheim	Brit. bqe.	574	June 8	Melchers & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Candace	Brit. Sm. so.	263	July 9	Chinese	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Canton	Slam. sh.	779	June 8	Chinese	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Calla	Brit. Sm. so.	328	July 9	Douglas Laprak & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Channel Queen	Brit. bqe.	609	May 24	Edward Schellhass & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Charity	Brit. bqe.	432	July 9	Chinese	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Chasca	Amer. bqe.	628	June 19	Russell & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
China	Brit. sh.	987	May 26	Vogel & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
China Babuyan	Brit. bqe.	558	June 8	Bornes Co., Limited	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Colwyn	Brit. bqe.	1160	May 31	Vogel & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Edward Barrow	Brit. bqe.	958	June 26	Chinese	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Excelsior	Amer. bqe.	593	July 9	Chinese	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Fabius	Slam. sh.	850	June 8	Chinese	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Friedrich	Ger. Sm. so.	208	July 9	Chinese	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
G. O. Trufant	Brit. sh.	1529	June 11	Messageries Maritimes	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Gauntlett	Brit. bqe.	668	May 17	Vogel & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Goliath	Slam. bqe.	542	June 8	Chinese	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Helena	Ger. bqe.	873	June 23	Vogel & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Highlander	Amer. sh.	1358	June 18	Vogel & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Hopewell	Brit. bqe.	578	July 10	Chinese	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Irene	Amer. sch.	481	May 18	Russell & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Johann Friedrich	Ger. bg.	243	July 9	Chinese	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Johann Smidt	Ger. bqe.	493	June 29	Melchers & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
John O. Munro	Brit. bqe.	612	June 23	Adamson, Bell & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Lucky	Slam. bqe.	424	June 8	Chinese	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Mangrethe	Ger. bqe.	387	July 9	Chinese	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Marquis of Argyll	Brit. bqe.	500	June 11	Rosario & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Miriam	Amer. bqe.	598	June 15	Vogel & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Monte Rosa	Amer. sh.	1818	July 9	Siemens & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Montana	Ger. sch.	78	July 9	Chinese	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Moses B. Tower	Am. Sm. so.	637	June 14	Rosario & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Myrtle	Dut. Sm. so.	176	June 17	Edward Schellhass & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
N. B. Morrison	Brit. bqe.	595	June 27	Chinese	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Norman	Slam. sh.	717	June 8	Chinese	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Onondaga	Ger. bqe.	421	June 8	Siemens & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Orissa	Brit. bqe.	296	June 8	Edward Schellhass & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Orissa	Am. Sm. so.	605	June 28	Meyer & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Orissa	Slam. bqe.	429	June 8	Chinese	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Orissa	Brit. bqe.	740	June 19	Chinese	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Orissa	Slam. sh.	539	June 23	Chinese	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Orissa	Amer. sh.	1762	June 8	Russell & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Orissa	Norw. bqe.	580	June 8	Siemens & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Orissa	Amer. sh.	1090	Sept. 7	Russell & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Orissa	Ger. bqe.	256	July 6	Edward Schellhass & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Orissa	Ger. bg.	256	July 6	Melchers & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Orissa	Brit. bqe.	474	June 28	Siemens & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Orissa	Slam. bqe.	669	June 12	Arnhold, Karberg & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Orissa	Amer. sh.	1800	June 11	P. & O. S. N. Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Orissa	Am. bktime.	692	July 5	Edward Schellhass & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Orissa	Ger. bqe.	439	June 28	Wieler & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
WHAMPOA						
Gantier	Foh. bqe.	256	July 6	Carlowitz & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Weber	Ger. bqe.	426	July 9	Edward Schellhass & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Upland	Ger. bqe.	426	July 1	Wieler & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Upland	Ger. bqe.	426	June 30	Captain	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.
Upland	Ger. bqe.	350	July 7	Siemens & Co.	Holbow & Haiphong	18th inst.